

次の英文の空所に入る最も適切なものを、①～④から1つ選びなさい。(全20問)

1. It is important ____ enough vegetables every day.
① eat ② eating ③ ate ④ to eat
2. I am very glad ____ you again after so long.
① seeing ② see ③ saw ④ to see
3. He is too young ____ this movie.
① watch ② watching ③ to watch ④ watched
4. He seems ____ the answer already.
① know ② knowing ③ to know ④ knew
5. She was happy ____ the good news.
① to hear ② hear ③ hearing ④ heard
6. My parents want ____ study harder for the next exam.
① me to ② to me ③ for me ④ me
7. I wasn't sure where ____ for the meeting.
① go ② going ③ went ④ to go
8. This room is large ____ to hold fifty people comfortably.
① so ② too ③ enough ④ very
9. I was very glad ____ such kind words from her.
① hear ② hearing ③ heard ④ to hear
10. It was wise ____ her to save money every month.
① of ② for ③ to ④ with
11. The manager wants all staff members ____ the new policy.
① to follow ② following ③ followed ④ follow
12. We need a large house ____ with our family.
① to live ② living ③ to live in ④ live in
13. He promised ____ anyone about the secret.
① to never tell ② to tell never ③ tell never ④ never to tell
14. She is said ____ a great singer in her youth.
① to be ② to have been ③ being ④ to been

15. She let her children ____ in the park freely.

- ① play ② to play ③ playing ④ played

16. It would be wise of you ____ such a risky deal.

- ① avoiding ② avoid ③ avoided ④ to avoid

17. It is important for us ____ on luck alone.

- ① not to rely ② to not rely ③ to rely not ④ not rely

18. He is believed ____ the country years ago.

- ① to leave ② leaving ③ to have left ④ to be left

19. The water was ____ hot to drink right away.

- ① enough ② too ③ so ④ as

20. All I did was ____ her the simple truth.

- ① telling ② tells ③ told ④ tell

不定詞 練習プリント 解答・解説

1. 正解 ④ **to eat** It is important の It は形式主語で、真主語の不定詞 to eat が後ろに続きます。to eat が正解。
2. 正解 ④ **to see** glad などの感情を表す形容詞のあとの不定詞は、その感情の原因を表します。glad to see で「会えてうれしい」。to see が正解。
3. 正解 ③ **to watch** too 形容詞 to do で「～すぎて…できない」。too young to watch で「幼すぎて見られない」となり to watch が正解。
4. 正解 ③ **to know** seem to do で「～のように見える」。to know が正解で、原形や動名詞は seem に続けられない。
5. 正解 ① **to hear** happy のあとの不定詞は感情の原因を表す。happy to hear で「聞いてうれしい」。to hear が正解。
6. 正解 ① **me to** want 人 to do で「人に～してほしい」。目的語の me と不定詞が結び付くので me to が正解。
7. 正解 ④ **to go** 疑問詞 + to不定詞で「どこへ行くべきか」。where to go の形になるので to go が正解。
8. 正解 ③ **enough** 形容詞 enough to do で「～できるほど十分…」。large enough to hold の語順になり enough が正解。
9. 正解 ④ **to hear** glad のあとの不定詞は感情の原因を表す。glad to hear で「聞いてうれしかった」。to hear が正解。
10. 正解 ① **of** wise など人の性質を表す形容詞では、意味上の主語を of 人 で示す。It was wise of her で「彼女は賢明だった」。of が正解。
11. 正解 ① **to follow** want 人 to do で「人に～してほしい」。all staff members のあとに不定詞が続くので to follow が正解。
12. 正解 ③ **to live in** 形容詞的用法の不定詞。live in a house と前置詞 in が必要な関係なので、house を修飾する不定詞にも in を残して to live in が正解。
13. 正解 ④ **never to tell** 不定詞の否定は not や never を to の前に置く。never to tell で「決して話さない」となり never to tell が正解。
14. 正解 ② **to have been** 述語動詞より前の時を表すときは完了不定詞 to have done を使う。過去の若いころの話なので to have been が正解。
15. 正解 ① **play** let は使役動詞で let 目的語 do の形をとり、to を付けない原形不定詞を続ける。play が正解。
16. 正解 ④ **to avoid** It would be wise の It は形式主語で、真主語の不定詞が続く。to avoid で「避けるのは賢明」。to avoid が正解。
17. 正解 ① **not to rely** for us が不定詞の意味上の主語。否定は not を to の前に置き not to rely とするので not to rely が正解。
18. 正解 ③ **to have left** 「以前に国を去った」という述語動詞より前の時を表すので完了不定詞 to have left が正解。

19. 正解 ② too too 形容詞 to do で「～すぎて…できない」。too hot to drink で「熱すぎてすぐには飲めない」。too が正解。

20. 正解 ④ tell 主語に do を含む All I did was のような文では、補語の不定詞は to を省いた原形になることが多い。tell が正解。