

次の英文の空所に入る最も適切なものを、①～④から1つ選びなさい。(全20問)

1. She can't swim at all. -- ____.

- ① Neither I can ② I can neither ③ So can I ④ Neither can I

2. ____ such a big dog before today.

- ① Never I have seen ② Never have I seen ③ I never have seen ④ Have never I seen

3. Little ____ about the coming danger.

- ① he knew ② did he know ③ he did know ④ knew he

4. I do ____ you for all your help.

- ① thank ② thanks ③ thanked ④ thanking

5. Seldom ____ he arrive on time for work.

- ① do ② does ③ is ④ has

6. It was John ____ broke the kitchen window.

- ① which ② what ③ whom ④ that

7. ____ did I expect to see you here today.

- ① Always ② Often ③ Never ④ Sometimes

8. It ____ my brother who broke the kitchen window.

- ① has been ② was ③ are ④ were

9. Here ____ the bus we have been waiting for.

- ① does come ② comes ③ it comes ④ come it

10. She doesn't like spicy food, and neither ____ her brother.

- ① likes ② does ③ is ④ do

11. Jack has never been to Kyoto, and ____ have I.

- ① either ② neither ③ so ④ never

12. There ____ the last bus, so we must walk home.

- ① go ② going ③ gone ④ goes

13. He likes jazz, and ____.

- ① so does she ② so she does ③ so she likes ④ does so she

14. I have never seen so ____.

- ① tall a man ② a tall man ③ tall man a ④ man a tall

15. I don't need this anymore. I'll ____.

- ① throw away it ② throw away ③ away throw it ④ throw it away

16. Never ____ I seen such a beautiful sight.

- ① have ② I have ③ did ④ I had

17. Not only was he late, ____ he forgot the file.

- ① and also ② so also ③ also but ④ but also

18. The light is still on. Could you ____?

- ① turn it off ② turn off it ③ off turn it ④ turn off

19. Call me later, if ____, about the plan.

- ① need ② needs ③ necessarily ④ necessary

20. It is you ____ are to blame, not me.

- ① which ② that is ③ whom ④ who

1. 正解 ④ **Neither can I** 否定文への同意は Neither + 助動詞 + 主語の倒置。can の文なので Neither can I。
2. 正解 ② **Never have I seen** 否定語 Never が文頭に出たので倒置になり、現在完了は Never have I seen の語順。
3. 正解 ② **did he know** 否定的な Little が文頭に出た倒置で、過去の内容を受けて did he know。
4. 正解 ① **thank** 動詞を強調する do + 動詞の原形。I do thank you で「本当に感謝している」の意味。
5. 正解 ② **does** 否定的な Seldom が文頭に出た倒置。三人称単数現在なので does he arrive。
6. 正解 ④ **that** It was ~ that ... の強調構文で John を強調。人でも物でも使える that が正解。
7. 正解 ③ **Never** 否定語 Never が文頭に出た倒置で、後ろが did I expect となっている。Never が正解。
8. 正解 ② **was** It ~ that/who ... の強調構文。主語 my brother に合わせて be動詞は was。
9. 正解 ② **comes** 場所の Here が文頭に出ると倒置。主語が名詞なので Here comes the bus の語順。
10. 正解 ② **does** 否定文への同意 and neither + (助) 動詞 + 主語。一般動詞の三単現なので does。
11. 正解 ② **neither** 否定の現在完了に「私も」と続ける形で、後ろが have I と倒置なので neither。
12. 正解 ④ **goes** 場所の There が文頭に出た倒置。主語が名詞なので There goes the last bus。
13. 正解 ① **so does she** 肯定文への同意は so + (助) 動詞 + 主語。三単現なので so does she。
14. 正解 ① **tall a man** so + 形容詞 + a + 名詞の語順。so tall a man で「そんなに背の高い人」。
15. 正解 ④ **throw it away** 句動詞は代名詞の目的語を動詞と副詞の間に置く。throw it away が正解。
16. 正解 ① **have** 否定語 Never が文頭に出た倒置で、現在完了は Never have I seen の語順。
17. 正解 ④ **but also** Not only ~ but also ... の相関表現。前半の否定語による倒置を受けて but also。
18. 正解 ① **turn it off** 句動詞は代名詞の目的語を動詞と副詞の間に置く。turn it off が正解。
19. 正解 ④ **necessary** if necessary は「必要なら」という意味の挿入表現。necessary が正解。
20. 正解 ④ **who** It is ~ that/who ... の強調構文で you を強調。人を強調するので who が使える。